Leintwardine Endowed CE Primary School Learning Journey Itinerary

'Letting Our Light Shine'

TERM: Summer 2 SUBJECT: PSHE YEAR: A YEAR GROUPS: 5/6

Key Question: What will I experience while growing up?

Previous Knowledge - • name the main male and female body parts needed for reproduction; • describe some of the changes boys go through during puberty; • describe some of the changes girls go through during puberty; • describe some feelings young people might experience as they grow up; • talk about their own family and the relationships within it; • understand that there are many different types of family; • identify similarities and differences in different loving relationships; • explain in simple terms how babies are made and how they are born. • identify someone they could talk to about their changing body should they need to.

END OF UNIT OBJECTIVES

Some children will not yet have Some children will have gone beyond the expected level and will Most children will show that they have met what is expected and will reached the expected level because they show that they are **exceeding** because they can: show that they are emerging because they can: > name physical changes young people will experience > name physical changes > name physical changes young young people will experience people will experience during puberty during puberty > describe emotional changes young during puberty > describe emotional changes young people might > describe emotional people might experience during experience during puberty pubertu changes young people might > explain that there is no such thing as a perfect body experience during puberty > explain that there is no such thing > list things that all loving relationships have in common > explain that there is no as a perfect body > explain what a sexual relationship is > list things that all loving such thing as a perfect body > explain how to look after my body during puberty > list things that all loving relationships have in common > name ways to cope with new or difficult emotions relationships have in > explain what a sexual relationship > explain the laws around sexual relationships common > use a range of key vocabulary when discussing > explain what a sexual > explain how to look after my body differences in sex, gender identity and sexual orientation. during puberty relationship is > use scientific vocabulary to accurately explain how > name ways to cope with new or babies are made and how they are born. > understand that some difficult emotions infections can be passed on > describe the process from conception to birth and the during sexual intercourse > explain the laws around sexual needs of the foetus. and contraception can relationships > understand that some infections can be passed on prevent this > use a range of key vocabulary when during sexual intercourse and contraception can prevent discussing differences in sex, gender > explain how babies are identity and sexual orientation. conceived and how they are > explain how babies are conceived and how they are born > use scientific vocabulary to horn > identify someone I can accurately explain how babies are > identify someone I can talk to about my changing body talk to about my changing made and how they are born. > explain the laws around sexual relationships > describe the process from > tailor advice to others in specific situations, regarding > explain the laws around conception to birth and the needs of how to manage changing emotions. sexual relationships > challenge society's perceptions of a perfect body. > understand that some infections > discuss the way different types of relationships are can be passed on during sexual viewed in society. > consider how some couples in loving relationships have intercourse and contraception can prevent this children in ways other than male-female reproduction > explain how babies are conceived through sexual intercourse. > ask mature questions about puberty and the changes and how they are born > identify someone I can talk to people experience. about my changing body > consider the sensitive nature of this topic, why it can > explain the laws around sexual be difficult to discuss and what could be done to improve

ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITIES

End of unit assessments, quiz, class discussions, work produced in lessons

ENRICHMENT **OPPORTUNITIES** Helping children to remember more

SUBJECT SPECIFIC VOCABULARY

relationships

reproduction, male, female, breasts, testicles, testes, testosterone, hormones, sperm, shape, weight, voice change, periods, erections, wet dreams, masturbation, discharge, acne, odour, emotions, vulva, nocturnal emissions, feelings, sex, mood swings, anger, uncomfortable, difficult, lonely, confused, sad, nervous, stressed, body image, self-esteem, beauty,

media, advertising, ideal, appearance, stereotype, positive, negative, representative, gay, lesbian, sexual orientation, society, race, age, civil partnership, commitment,

sexual, sexually transmitted infection, intercourse, heterosexual, bisexual, homosexual, penis, vagina, egg, safe sex, consent, conceive, conception, condom, contraception, contraceptive pill, rape, incest, legal, illegal, crush, fancy, physical, contact, zygote, embryo, foetus, umbilical cord, placenta, amniotic sac, nutrients, labour, vaginal birth, caesarean section (C-section), amniotic fluid, fertilise

CROSS-**CURRICULAR LINKS** Links that we can make to help children make sense of what we want them to know and be able to do.